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HONOLULU, H. T., FRIDAY OCTOBER 28, 1904—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2637.

HARRIS HEARD AT PARTY RALLY

Large Meeting at
Downtown
Square.

Fourth District Leader
Makes Vigorous
Showing.

There was a meeting of Republicans at Emma Square last evening which was largely attended. The Portuguese band was there and there was a torchlight procession. James F. Morgan presided at the meeting and made a few introductory remarks. The speakers were Lorrin Andrews, W. W. Harris, Major Camara, C. A. Long, E. W. Quinn and some others. The principal address was made by Representative Harris and was as follows:

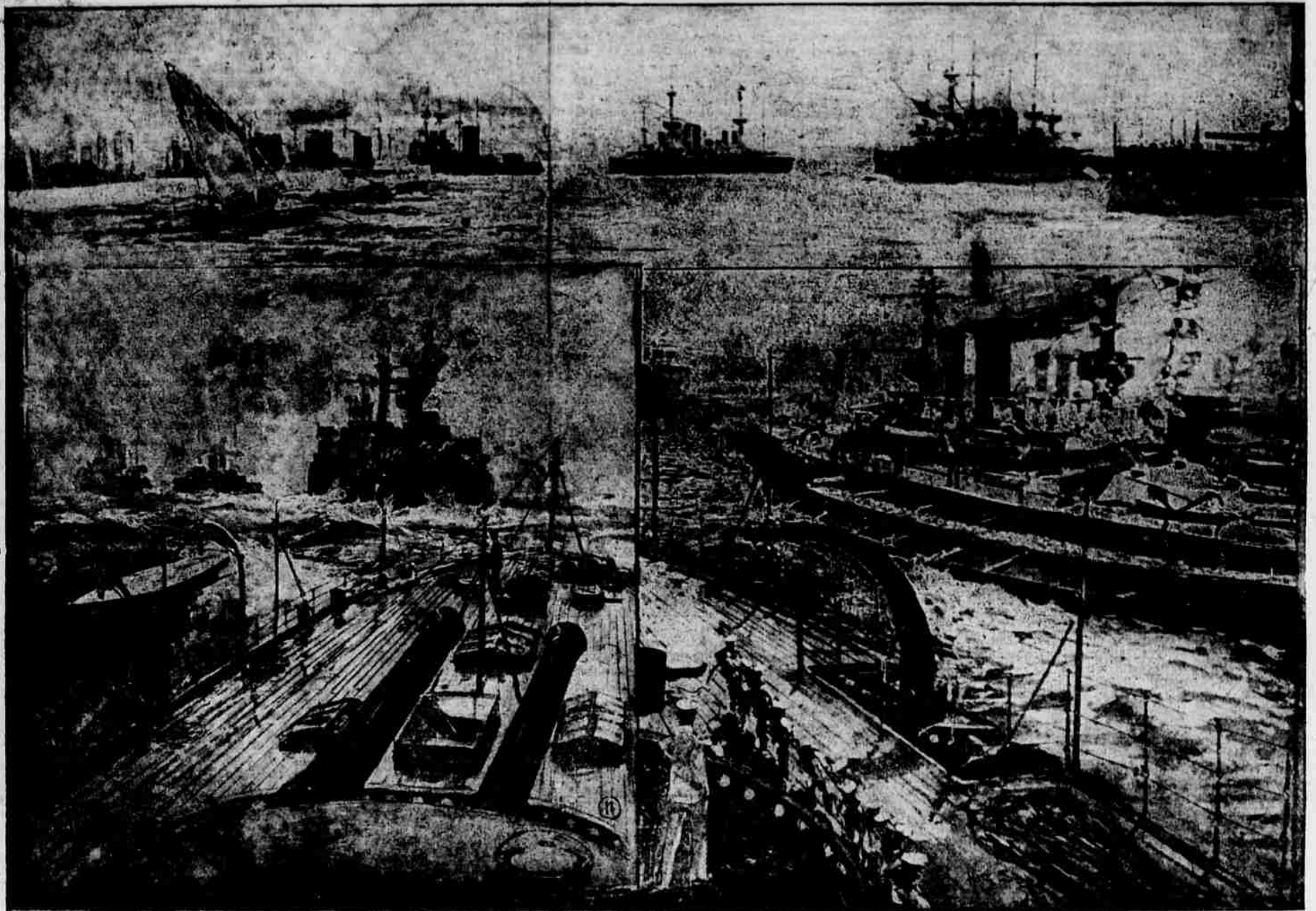
MR. HARRIS' ADDRESS.

Mr. Chairman, Fellow-Citizens and Ladies and Gentlemen: After the party of Jefferson had been duly convened, the convention of the untitled awaited in breathless suspense the report of its platform committee. In the silence of that moment the convention listened to the reading of a document, that, for its lack of issues, for its pledge of hearty support to mainland principles adopted by the St. Louis convention and which would ruin the prosperity of Hawaii, for its condemnation of the appointive power of the Governor of the Territory of Hawaii granted by the Congress of the United States, in the Organic Act, for its cry to high heaven against the right of the executive to remove from office men who are incapacitated by their inability or otherwise to hold office, and whose capacity or incapacity make or mar the administration which the people hold responsible, for its wall of anguish because the executive believes that the welfare of the Territory is best conserved by the co-operation, and the working together of the Legislative and executive departments in the enactment of such measures by the Legislative department as will insure an economical and efficient administration, for its advocacy of increased expenditures in salaries, at the expense of the taxpayers, for its declaration that thrift and ability in the wage-earner and merchant shall be taxed to the utmost to sustain these increased salaries, by increase of revenue through the income tax, for its absolutely false representation that the Republican Delegate to Congress urged private measures in advance of public matters of importance, for its really humorous pledge of its Delegate to Congress to disseminate correct information among the members of Congress and in the departments at Washington relative to local affairs, when as a matter of fact such candidate for Delegate to Congress has been so uncertain in his own mind as to the true condition of affairs locally, that he has stood upon and supported the platform of three political parties in the last year, for its stolen plank on local self-government, for its distrust of the passage by the last Republican legislature of the loan bill, and the floating of said loan by a Republican administration in the money markets of the world at par, for its endorsement of the Republican party's action in appropriating the funds obtained from the sale of territorial bonds for productive works only, for its endorsement of the Republican party's pledge to revise the tax laws, for its support of the Republican party's plank to pension Liliuokalani, for its approval of the action of the last Republican Legislature in passing the labor law for the protection of the working man, for its approval of the action of a Republican administration in the matter of fishing rights, for its favorable mention and endorsement of the sound and wise policy of the Republican administration and Legislature in its liberal appropriations for our public school system, as a platform it will go down in the history of politics in this Territory, as the strangest combination of endorsement and denunciation, contradiction and incompetence, that up to this time has been produced. To enlarge on this platform's inconsistencies, and its inability to appeal to the electorate of this Territory, I will ask the attention of this audience.

First its pledge of hearty support to the platform of principles adopted by the St. Louis convention, which among other things advocates a revision of the tariff. Sugar, our main export to

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RUSSIA WANTS TO ARBITRATE BUT BRITISH SHIPS CLEAR FOR ACTION



THE BRITISH MEDITERRANEAN FLEET, NOW HASTENING TO GIBRALTAR.

AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE SHORTAGE OF H. C. MOSSMAN

Honolulu, T. H., Oct. 26, 1904.
Hon. George R. Carter, Governor, Territory of Hawaii.

Dear Sir: Following my report of the 24th inst. on the office of the clerk to the High Sheriff, I now desire to submit the following report on the books of the clerk to the Deputy Sheriff:

Mr. Harry C. Mossman, the incumbent of this office, has been away since last Thursday on the Island of Kauai, and did not return until Sunday morning, the 23rd inst. Upon learning of his return I caused a messenger to be sent out requesting his presence at the office; after some time the messenger returned with the information that he could not find Mr. Mossman. Again in the evening the High Sheriff sent an officer to the home of Mr. Mossman to request him to come to the office. The officer returned with the reply that Mr. Mossman would be at the office at 9 o'clock in the morning, and as I could do no work in the office without Mr. Mossman, I sealed the safe over night.

The next morning after breaking the seal I had Mr. Mossman open the safe and I counted the cash found therein which amounted to \$675.40. Upon asking Mr. Mossman if this was all the cash he had he stated that he had about \$200.00 more which he had placed in a back room just prior to his leaving for Kauai. He then left the office for a moment and came back with \$200.00 in gold and \$29 in silver which he gave to me, making a total of \$896.40.

I then asked Mr. Mossman for all of the books which he kept and he produced three stub receipt books, a book marked as a cash book but which he used as a ledger for tax suit execution accounts, and also a hand ruled blank book used as a record of ordinary execution sales accounts.

I took from the tax execution sales a statement of the balances, showing total credits amounting to \$1,215.60 and debit balances of \$17.50.

showing net credit of \$1,198.10.

On checking through the items charged to these different accounts I ran across a number of entries for advertising for which Mr. Mossman could not show receipts. Next morning I obtained from the newspaper office their accounts with the office of the

Deputy Sheriff, itemized so as to show each advertising item remaining unpaid and in checking over the list, either from the entries on his books or the voluntary admission of Mr. Mossman, I found a total of \$432.79 charged for advertising which had not been paid.

This amount of \$432.79 added to the net credits of the tax execution sales accounts, \$1,198.10, will make a total of \$1,630.89, which represents the total amount of cash which should have been on hand.

At one stage of my work Monday evening after striking a balance and noticing that there was an apparent shortage I asked Mr. Mossman if those figures were correct and also if the amount of \$896.40 was all the money he had in his care belonging to the Government, to which he replied that he might have more in some of the drawers of his desk, whereupon he took a bunch of keys from his pocket and unlocked a couple of the drawers of the desk where I was sitting and from one of these took \$275 in gold and \$4 in silver, which added to the former amount of \$896.40 makes a total of \$1,175.40 in cash, thus making a shortage in his accounts of \$455.40.

On asking Mr. Mossman how the amount of \$275.00 came to be in the drawer of the desk, he replied that he must have put it in there at some time and forgotten it.

I also checked in this office the court record with the record of fines and costs of the District Magistrate and find that these records agree, as also do the records of bail forfeited and all the money collected on these accounts properly paid over to the clerk of the High Sheriff and by him entered on his cash book.

I have the honor to be, sir,
Yours very respectfully,
J. H. FISHER,
Auditor, Territory of Hawaii.

VOYAGE TO HUNT FOR COAL

Earl of Fitzwilliam Buysa Steamer to
Prospect in the South Pacific

LONDON, Oct. 18.—The Earl of Fitzwilliam has purchased the Union-Castle liner Harlech Castle, of 4,000 tons, for a trip to the South Pacific to prospect for coal. In reply to a question

as to the object of the trip, the Earl said:

"The explanation of my project is very simple. I have money which I desire to invest, and as I am already extensively engaged in the coal trade I prefer to employ some of my capital in developing fresh coal fields. I am taking only a boring plant. If I find what I am going to look for I shall have no difficulty, I think, in obtaining concessions, as most of the islands belong to the South American States, who do not usually raise difficulties in the way of granting these concessions. Some of the islands belong to the United States. Moreover, when the Panama Canal finally goes through all the islands and their trade on the Pacific side of the continent will be immensely increased in value. It is a little too far ahead to say precisely what I shall do to find the coal, but I suppose I will have to float a company and then take experienced men from my coal mines in Yorkshire and South Sea Islanders."

MR. ANDREWS PUTS HIMSELF STRAIGHT

Attorney General Andrews, referring to the Advertiser's report of the "straight ticket" meeting at the Moana hotel, made the following statement to a reporter of this paper:

"That article in the Advertiser relative to the meeting at Waikiki was not entirely correct."

"In fairness to Mr. Thurston I wish to state that what I said concerning my interview with him came up in this way: I was asked by one of the persons present as to why I did not see the proprietor of the Advertiser about the attitude of the paper which, it was generally believed by those present, was alienating the Hawaiian vote."

"I replied that I had seen Mr. Thurston and that he had stated that he saw no reason to change the policy of the paper and that he did not wish to see Mr. Aylett elected."

"That was all the conversation between myself and Mr. Thurston which was mentioned at that meeting."

"As there was no reporter present at the meeting, no reports were made, and as I am detailed to the Advertiser at 2 o'clock tomorrow."

English Cabinet to Meet--German Boat is Fired On.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The Gibraltar squadron has cleared its decks for action.

BRITISH CABINET MEETING.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The cabinet will meet at noon. Admiral Rojestvsky's explanation is received with incredulity.

ALSO FIRED ON GERMANS.

BERLIN, Oct. 28.—It has developed that the Russian warships fired on a German fishing boat off Jutland.

RUSSIA WANTS ARBITRATION.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 28.—Admiral Rojestvsky's report has been received with sympathy and confidence. As the mystery is not cleared the outcome will probably be a reference of the report to the mixed tribunal at The Hague to ascertain the truth. It is believed England will accept this proposition. The suggestion that Admiral Rojestvsky be deposed will not be acceded to.

ENGLAND MAKING READY.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—Notwithstanding the diplomatic check caused by Rojestvsky's report, England is preparing for hostile possibilities. Great naval activity continues. The Mediterranean fleet is hastening to Gibraltar.

AT THE MUKDEN FRONT.

MUKDEN, Oct. 28.—There has been desultory firing between the hostile armies. The Japanese are fortifying their whole line. The Russians are remunerating the Chinese for property destroyed.

RUSSIANS STILL AT VIGO.

MADRID, Oct. 28.—The Russian warships have been allowed to remain at Vigo to complete repairs.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 26.—Admiral Rojestvsky's report upon the fisheries incident has not yet been received. There is confidence that the affair will be peaceably adjusted. The cause of the firing upon the trawlers is attributed to a panic.

MORE CRUISERS SAIL.

CRONSTADT, Oct. 26.—The cruisers Oleg and Izumund have sailed to join the Baltic fleet.

ENGLISH FEELING SUBSIDES.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The assurances of the Czar that reparation will be made have somewhat allayed resentment over the firing upon the British fishermen.

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